Jukka S. Rannila OPINION 1 (13)

www.jukkarannila.fi 12.11.2013

1

41

Public / world wide web

2 Delivered to: 3 consultation2013ER06@acer.europa.eu ACER – Agency for the Cooperation of Energy Regulators 4 5 Public Consultation Paper (PC 2013 R 06): Publication of extracts of the European register of 6 market participants 7 8 9 10 OPINION RELATED TO THE PUBLICATION OF OF EXTRACTS OF THE EUROPEAN REGISTER OF MARKET PARTICIPANTS 11 12 First of all, a lot of thanks to ACER (Agency for the Cooperation of Energy Regulators) 13 14 organising this very interesting public consultation. 15 Energy market integrity and transparency is very important issue and it has straight 16 consequences to private citizens. 17 18 19 This opinion represents an opinion of an individual citizen, not any legal entity. 20 21 This opinion does not contain: 22 any business secrets 23 any trade secrets 24 any confidential information. 25 26 This opinion is public. 27 ACER can publish this opinion on a relevant web page. 28 29 30 Annex 1 holds information about previous opinions in the EU level. Annex 2 holds information about disclaimers and copyright. 31 32 33 34 With Kind Regards, 35 36 37 Jukka S. Rannila 38 citizen of Finland 39 40 signed electronically

Jukka S. Rannila OPINION 2 (13)

www.jukkarannila.fi

12.11.2013

Public / world wide web

## 1. General: Previous consultation of the REMIT registration format

I gave earlier an opinion (7 May 2012) related to the REMIT registration format, and this opinion is on the following web page address:

EN: Opinion 34: REMIT Registration Format http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro 34

(REMIT: Pursuant to Article 9(3) of Regulation (EU) No 1227/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 October 2011 on wholesale energy market integrity and transparency)

SO, in this Opinion there should be some new insights related the publication of extracts of the European Register of market participants.

# 2. A quick analysis of the ACER decision n° 01/2012

In section (5) there is mentioning about unique identifier (the "ACER code"), and I advocated this approach in my Opinion (7 May 2012).

I also advocated use of unique identifiers from other (external) registers, and there is mentioning about the some identifiers mentioned: .e.g. VAT number, EIC, LEI, GS1, Trade register number.

Generally speaking, using information from different registers / databases and combining the gathered information will result some added value. In practical reality, the ACER code can be used in several systems outside of the European Register.

It must be mentioned, that the European Commission (DG CONNECT, Unit G3) has organised a consultation about guidelines on recommended standard licences, datasets and charging for the reuse of public sector information.

The web page for this consultation is following:

  $\underline{https://ec.europa.eu/digital-agenda/en/news/consultation-guidelines-recommended-standard-licences-datasets-and-charging-re-use-public}$ 

In practical terms, providing publication of extracts of the European Register of market participants is one form distributing public sector information.

It is good to notice that in section (8) there is mentioning, that possibly the REMIT registration format can be reviewed based on the experience of using the ACER databases / system(s).

## 3. General notes of the European Register

There is several mentions about the European Register, but the implementation of this European Register is somewhat unclear in this phase.

Jukka S. Rannila OPINION 3 (13)

www.jukkarannila.fi

12.11.2013

Public / world wide web

87 88

89

90

91

92

93 94 I have to reiterate again (cf. Opinion dated 7 May 2012) the maximum solution for the European Register:

- \* ACER owns the machinery and processor of the information system
- \* the machinery and processor are based on relevant open standards
- \* the operating system is based on an open-source solution
- \* ACER owns the source code of the information system
- \* ACER owns the database of the information system
- \* the database is based on open-source solution and on relevant open standards.

95 96 97

Naturally ACER can use technologies, which are developed in an open environment, but these open technologies can be the base for actual solutions with direct ownership.

98 99 100

ACER will most probably face a fierce resistance from several stakeholder groups when/if ACER is demanding total ownership of the whole information system.

102103

104

101

It can be said, that customer's total ownership of the information system is somehow non-understandable for some ICT persons.

105106

107

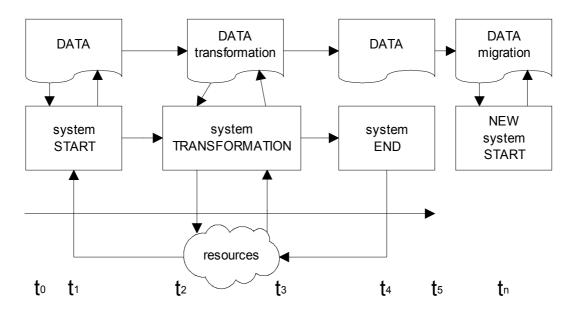
108

Therefore the technological implementation of a (new) European Register should be totally controlled by ACER, and the providers of different technologies should not create any technological lock-ins for ACER.

109 110 111

The data in European Register should be totally controlled by ACER in all phases of the life cycle of the European Register.

112113



114 115 116

Like the figure above indicates, there is a life cycle for different information systems, when the data

Jukka S. Rannila OPINION 4 (13)

## www.jukkarannila.fi

12.11.2013

Public / world wide web

in the system changes and the systems is technologically changed during the life cycle of the European Register.

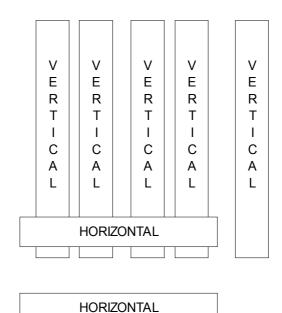
119 120

Generally speaking, usage of open standards and open technologies can result longer life cycle for the European Register.

121122

# 4. The European Register needs to be a horizontal information system

123124



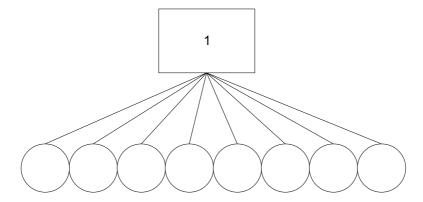
125 126

127

128

The issue of horizontal information system was not fully elaborated in the previous opinion (7 May 2012). According to my understanding, the European Register will collect information from several stakeholders and the European Register will provide information to several stakeholders.

129130



131 132 133

134

Therefore, there is a need for several interfaces to serve external systems / stakeholders. In the decision n° 01/2012, there are CSV and XML mentioned as a way to transfer information from the

Jukka S. Rannila OPINION 5 (13)

## www.jukkarannila.fi

12.11.2013

Public / world wide web

national registers. I would differentiate following interface need:

136 137 138

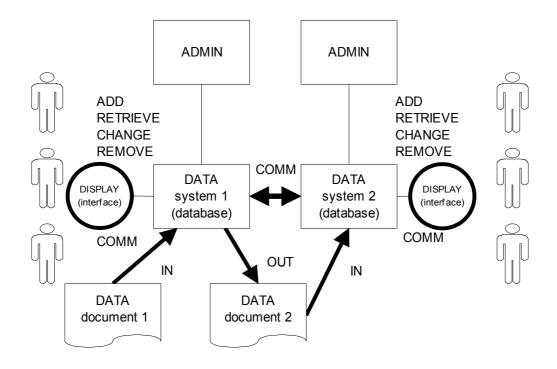
135

- \* direct system-to-system connection
- \* interfaces based on transmitting documents between different systems.

139 140 141

CSV and XML are for transmitting documents between the different systems. We can present once more the following figure.

142



143 144

What all this means in practice?

145146147

148

149

- 1) ACER could consult different stakeholders, and their need for direct system-to-system connections
- 2) ACER could consult different stakeholders, and their need for transmitting different documents between different systems.

150151152

153

154

155

The mentioned CSV and XML can be one solution, but there are also other options. In practice, different stakeholders have their own systems, which may be very cumbersome, and the usage CSV or XML are not implemented in some systems. In reality, the proposed European Register should work several years / decades. The technological reality is, that there will be need for new interfaces during the life cycle.

156 157

## 5. Layered systems / different brokers

158159160

161

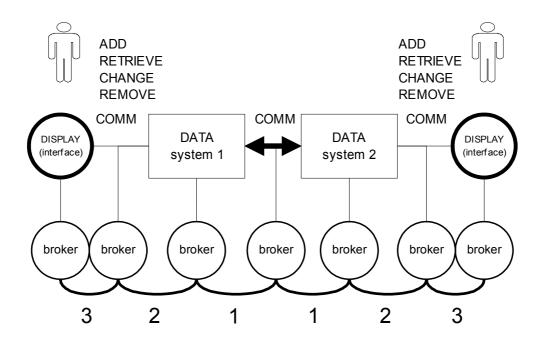
Like mentioned in the previous opinion (7 May 2012), there is an actual need for several identifiers, and the ACER code is another needed identifier. And the usage of the ACER code can be

www.jukkarannila.fi

12.11.2013

Public / world wide web

used by several stakeholders / systems. One interesting phenomenon is, that there can be different brokers or trusted third parties.



In reality, the extracts of the European register are just one part of creating added value for different stakeholders. When the data from several systems are combined, there can be very sophisticated information services.

# 6. Analysis of the Annex 1 of the ACER decision n° 01/2012

171172173

165 166 167

168169

170

162

163

164

I advocated in the in the previous opinion (7 May 2012), that ACER could present a proposed database structure, and there could be a consultation about the database structure.

174175176

Annex 1 of the ACER decision n° 01/2012 is very good starting point for further analysis.

177 178

#### Section 1: Data related to market participant

179 180

181

182

183 184

## **Analysis of field 101:**

\* companies constantly buy and sell parts of different operations

\* the name of a company (Market Participant) can change

- \* the history of name changes may be relevant in the long run
- \* should the name changes be recorded?
- \* the system must work when there are name changes for market participants

185 186 187

## Analysis of fields 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117 and 118

188 189

It seems, that these field are based on actual reality, since there is a need for communication

Jukka S. Rannila OPINION 7 (13)

## www.jukkarannila.fi

12.11.2013

Public / world wide web

between different systems.

191 192

193 194 **However**, there must be always a possibility to add new external identifiers. I suppose, that the European Register should work several years / decades. My analysis is, that there can be developed new systems outside of the European Register, and in some cases those new systems may mean new external identifiers.

195 196 197

198

199

## New Proposal – Field 126: Historical data

- \* I propose a new field 126
- \* Free text, alphanumerical

200201

In reality, the real data to be added is always somewhat murky. This means, that there is a need for a field for free-form text data field, which can contain all kinds of free-form historical data.

202203204

205

206

Eg. in **Finland** in the electronic medical prescription (e-Resepti <sup>1</sup>) one important field is only 50 characters. In reality, it could have been eg. free text (alphanumerical). Therefore, the proposed European Register could contain free-form **historical data** field (free text, alphanumerical). My initial analysis is, that there will be need for different historical data related to market participants.

207208209

## Field 103: Legal form

210211

**Proposal:** This could be a selection from pre-determined values.

212213

The following Wikipedia article is very revealing

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Types of business entity

There are several types of legal forms in the European Union member states.

215216217

214

Eg. in the Finnish context the pre-determined values could be following:

FI-1: general partnership FI-2: limited partnership

FI-2: limited partnership FI-3: minimum share capital

FI-4: public limited company

etc.

222223224

220221

## Section 2: Data related to natural persons

225226

## New Proposal – Field 215: Historical data

227

\* I propose a new field 215

228229

\* Free text, alphanumerical

230231

Here is the same need for historical data, since there can be several changes during the usage of the European register.

232233

### **Section 3: Data related to ultimate controller**

<sup>1</sup> http://www.kanta.fi/en/eresepti-esittely, electronic prescription

Jukka S. Rannila OPINION 8 (13)

## www.jukkarannila.fi

12.11.2013

Public / world wide web

234235

236

# New Proposal – Field 321: Historical data

- \* I propose a new field 321
- \* Free text, alphanumerical

237238239

Here is the same need for historical data, since there can be several changes during the usage of the European register.

240241

# **Section 4: Data related to corporate structure**

242243244

## New Proposal – Field 321: Historical data

- \* I propose a new field 321
- \* Free text, alphanumerical

246247248

245

Here is the same need for historical data, since there can be several changes during the usage of the European register.

249250251

## **Section 5: Data related to delegated parties**

252253

254

- New Proposal Field 506: Historical data
  - \* I propose a new field 506
  - \* Free text, alphanumerical

255256257

Here is the same need for historical data, since there can be several changes during the usage of the European register.

258259260

# Issues raised in the consultation document (PC\_2013\_R\_06)

261

In the consultation paper (PC\_2013\_R\_06) is a list of consultation issues. Here are some observations based on the questions.

264

1.a) Most likely there will be new usage ideas for the European Register, since the life of the
 European Register will be year/decades. My analysis, that there can be need for some new fields in
 the European Register

268269

**1.b)** The fields 108-111 are necessary, and there can be several changes, which are relevant to different stakeholders.

270271272

**1.c.)** The field 113-116 are necessary, and there can be several changes, which are relevant to different stakeholders.

273274

1.d) At the moment, we can not foresee all possible (new) usage ideas for the information in
 European Register. The added value for different stakeholder can be using identifiers from several
 system, and ACER code is one important identifier.

278

12.11.2013

279 2.a) Like said before, we can not foresee all possible (new) usage ideas for the information in 280 European Register. Therefore ACER can consult different stakeholders and gather new usage ideas 281 for the European Register.

**2.b.)** As a general note we can assume, that the information in the European Register could be transparent, and extracts from the European Register should be easy to use outside the European Register. Naturally, the level of publicity must be carefully assessed.

# Generally: there is need for different feeds from the European Register

www.jukkarannila.fi

282

283 284

285 286 287

288 289

290

291

292 293

294

295 296

297 298

299

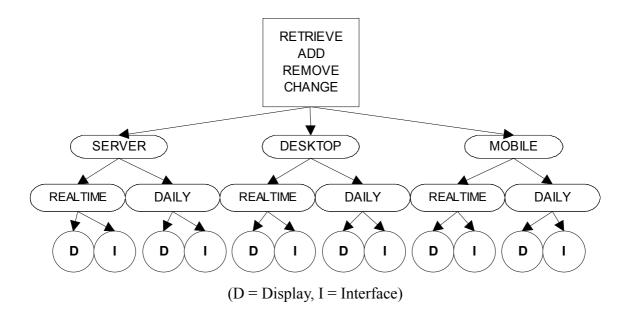
300

301

302 303 304 Here I have reiterate again (cf. Opinion dated 7 May 2012) different information feeds from the systems. One on of the most used information feed is naturally RSS, and especially the <sup>2</sup> version 2.0. ACER could provide different RSS feeds based on the current information needs after consulting different stakeholders.



Like said before, different stakeholders have their own information systems, which can be very cumbersome and/or antiquated. Here is yet another way for describing information (feed) needs. Four basic functions: Retrieve, Add, Remove, Change. In the current information technology environment there are .e.g following information system: server, desktop and mobile systems.



Each of these functions can mean real-time system or e.g. systems updated daily. Like said earlier,

<sup>2</sup> http://www.rssboard.org/rss-specification, RSS 2.0 Specification

Jukka S. Rannila OPINION 10 (13)

## www.jukkarannila.fi

12.11.2013

Public / world wide web

there can be very cumbersome and/or antiquated (customer) systems. This means, that ACER could gather information needs from different stakeholders, which could be using the European Register.

307 308

Generally speaking, users can divided e.g. in to different classes:

309 310

- \* heavy users e.g. using the system daily or several times in a day
- \* casual user not using daily but montly
- \* other users e.g. using system sometime not daily/monthly

312313

311

So, there can be different user interfaces for different user classes.

314315

## **Need for new consultations?**

316317318

This consultation was very important and interesting.

319 320

321 322 The next phase can be implementing the European Register. Therefore, I propose a consultation based on the actual implementation of the European Register. There could be two versions of the implementation: the test system(s) and the actually implemented system. The test system could be tested by interested stakeholders, and there can several testing possibilities.

323324

Generally speaking, there are two schools for implementation procedures:

325326327

- 1) Explicating the concepts (fields) first.
- 2) Creating the interfaces first.

328329330

331

In this case, ACER has selected parts of the first option, and there is nothing wrong that option. When the concepts are finally explicated, eg. based on this consultation, there can be several options for interfaces.

332333334

I would advocate, that different stakeholders could propose different interface proposals based on the finally selected concepts (fields). Then those interface proposals could be critically assessed, and there can be different interfaces based on the user classes. Naturally, user interface experts can be consulted, and that is one option.

337338339

335336

#### Good luck!!!!

340341

342

343

Information technology is never easy, and this consultation is just part of the complexity, which will be there, when actually implementing the European Register. The journey will be most probably somewhat unexpected, but consulting seasoned experts in right points of the decision chain might be a feasible option.

344345

Jukka S. Rannila OPINION 11 (13)

www.jukkarannila.fi 12.11.2013 Public / world wide web

346 347	ANNEX 1
348	My opinions to the previous and relevant consultations – there consultations were mostly organised
349	by the Commission of the Europan Union.
350	
351	General page to all consultations – both in English and in Finnish:
352	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html
353	
354	EN: Opinion 1: Review of the rules on access to documents
355	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_1
356	
357	EN: Opinion 2: Schools for the 21st Century
358 359	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_2
360	EN: Opinion 3: The future of pharmaceuticals for Human use in Europe- making Europe a Hub for
361	Safe and Innovative medicines
362	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_3
363	<del></del>
364	EN: Opinion 5: Consumer Scoreboard, Questionnaire for stakeholders
365	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_5
366	
367	EN: Opinion 6: Consultation on a Code of Conduct for Interest Representatives
368	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_6
369	EN. Onining O. France and International Little France and arrange of the first
<ul><li>370</li><li>371</li></ul>	EN: Opinion 8: European Interoperability Framework, version 2, draft <a href="http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_8">http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_8</a>
372	http://www.jukkaramma.n/rausumot.ntm#mro_8
373	EN: Opinion 9: CAMSS: Common Assessment Method for Standards and Specifications, CAMSS
374	proposal for comments
375	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_9
376	
377	EN: Opinion 15: Collective Redress
378	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_15
379	
380	EN: Opinion 17: Opinion to Antitrust Case No. COMP/C-3/39.530
381	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_17
382 383	EN: Oninian 18: Oninian Palated to the Public Undertaking by Migragett
384	EN: Opinion 18: Opinion Related to the Public Undertaking by Microsoft <a href="http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro">http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro</a> 18
385	<u>πτφ.// w w w.jukkaranima.n/rausumiot.num#mo_18</u>
386	EN: Opinion 19: Official Acknowledgement by the Commission
387	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro 19
388	
389	EN: Opinion 20: SECOND Opinion Related to the Public Undertaking by Microsoft
390	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_20

Jukka S. Rannila OPINION 12 (13)

www.jukkarannila.fi

12.11.2013

Public / world wide web

```
391
392
      EN: Opinion 21: Opinion about the European Interoperability Strategy proposal
393
      http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro 21
394
395
      EN: Opinion 23: Public consultation on the review of the European Standardisation System
      http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro 23
396
397
398
      EN: Opinion 27: Public Consultation on the Modernisation of EU Public Procurement Policy
399
      http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro 27
400
401
      EN: Opinion 28: Consultation on the Europe 2020 Project Bond Initiative
402
      http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro 28
403
404
      EN: Opinion 30: Internet Filtering
405
      http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro 30
406
      NOTE: Organised by the European Committee for Standardization (CEN)<sup>3</sup>
407
408
      EN: Opinion 32: COMP/C-3/39.692/IBM – Maintenance services
409
      http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro 32
410
411
      EN: Opinion 34: REMIT Registration Format
      http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro 34
412
      NOTE: Organised by The Agency for the Cooperation of Energy Regulators (ACER) <sup>4</sup>
413
414
415
      EN: Opinion 35: Exploiting the employment potential of the personal and household services
416
      http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro 35
417
418
      EN: Opinion 37: CASE COMP/39.654 - Reuters instrument codes
419
      http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro 37
420
421
      EN: Opinion 39: Registry options to facilitate linking of emissions trading systems
      http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro 39
422
423
424
      EN: Opinion 40: Media Freedom and Pluralism / audiovisual regulatory bodies
425
      http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro 40
426
      EN: Opinion 41: AT.39398: observations on the proposed commitments
427
428
      http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro 41
429
430
      EN: Opinion 42: Opening up Education
```

431

http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro 42

<sup>3 &</sup>lt;a href="http://www.cen.eu/">http://www.cen.eu/</a> (Accessed 2 July 2012)

<sup>4 &</sup>lt;a href="http://www.acer.europa.eu/">http://www.acer.europa.eu/</a> (Accessed 2 July 2012)

Jukka S. Rannila **OPINION** 13 (13)

**ANNEX 2** 

#### www.jukkarannila.fi

12.11.2013

Public / world wide web

432

433 434 **DISCLAIMERS** 

435

#### 436 Legal disclaimer:

437 All opinions in this opinion paper are personal opinions and they do not represent opinions of any legal entity I am 438 member either by law or voluntarily. This opinion paper is only intended to trigger thinking and it is not legal advice. This opinion paper does not apply to any past, current or future legal entity. This opinion paper will not cover any of the 439 440 future changes in this fast-developing area. Any actions made based on this opinion is solely responsibility of respective 441 actor making those actions.

442 443

444

445

#### Political disclaimer:

These opinions do not represent opinions of any political party. These opinions are not advices to certain policy and they are only intended to trigger thinking. Any law proposal based on these opinions are sole responsibility of that legal entity making law proposals.

These opinions are not meant to be extreme-right, moderate-right, extreme-centre 5, moderate-centre, extreme-left or moderate-left. They are only opinions of an individual whose overall thinking might or might not contain elements of different sources. These opinions do not reflect past, current or future political situation in the Finnish, European or worldwide politics.

451 452 453

450

These opinions are not meant to rally for a candidacy in any public election in any level.

454 455

> 456 457

> 458

459

460

## Content of web pages:

This text may or may not refer to web pages. The content of those web pages is not responsibility of author of this document. They are referenced on the date of this document. If referenced web pages are not found after the date when this document is dated, that situation is not responsibility of the author. All changes done in the web pages this document refers are sole responsibility of those organisations and individuals maintaining those web pages. All illegal content found on the referred web pages is not on the responsibility of the author of this document, and producing that kind content is not endorsed by the author of this document.

461 462 463

#### Use of broken English

This text is in English, but from a person, whose is not a native English-speaking person. Therefore the text may or may not contain bad, odd and broken English, and can contain awkward linguistic solutions.

465 466 467

464

#### **COPYRIGHT**

468 469 470

This opinion paper is distributed under Creative Commons licence, to be specific the licence is "Creative Commons Attribution-NoDerivs-NonCommercial 1.0 Finland". The text of the licence can be obtained from the following web

471 472 473

http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nd-nc/1.0/fi/legalcode The English explanation is in the following web page:

474 475 http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nd-nc/1.0/fi/deed.en



<sup>5</sup> Based on the Finnish three-party system there is a phenomenon called extreme-centre in Finland. The 2011 parliamentary elections in Finland challenge the three-party system, since three "old" parties were not traditionally as the three largest parties. The is now a "new" party as the third largest party. We all must remain being interested about this new development in Finland.