Jukka S. Rannila OPINION 1 (11)

www.jukkarannila.fi 30 May 2014 Public / WWW

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Delivered to: consultation2014O01@acer.europa.eu
Agency for the Cooperation of Energy Regulators (ACER)

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Opinion: European Energy Regulation: A Bridge to 2025

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First of all, a lot of thanks to ACER of organising this important consultation.

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This opinion represents an opinion of an individual citizen, not any legal entity.

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This opinion does not contain:

- any business secrets
- any trade secrets
- any confidential information.

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This opinion is public.

ACER can publish this opinion on a relevant web page.

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Annex 1 holds information about previous consultations in the European Union level.

Annex 2 holds information about disclaimers and copyright.

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With kind Regards,

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30 Jukka S. Rannila

31 citizen of Finland32

33 34 signed electronically

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36 [continues on the next page]

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General: Previous consultations

I gave earlier opinions to ACER, and PDF files of those opinions are on the following addresses:

EN: Opinion 34: REMIT Registration Format http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro 34

EN: Opinion 43: Publication of extracts of the European register of market participants http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro 43

EN: Opinion 53: Trade Reporting User Manual (TRUM) (Draft)

http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_53

(REMIT: Pursuant to Article 9(3) of Regulation (EU) No 1227/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 October 2011 on wholesale energy market integrity and transparency)

SO, in this Opinion there should be some new insights based on the European Energy Regulation (Document: PC 2014 O 01) consultation document.

Limitation: Opinion of an individual customer (citizen) – not any legal entity

Since this opinion is an created by an individual customer (citizen), the knowledge base for this consultation is naturally rather limited, since there has not been a group of experienced experts writing this opinion.

Complying with current technologies

Sections 2.26-2.30 contain some critical thoughts about technological advances. At the current situation we can note, that there can be different technological developments related to energy.

Therefore it can be noted, that there has to constant follow-up of technological advances, which may require some legislative and/or governance.

Marketing energy efficiency to customers

There is some discussion about energy meters on the consultation document. Like said, energy meters are part of having energy efficiency and possibly energy savings.

The problem with consumer marketing is getting the message through, and marketing to different companies (and other legal entities) is easier.

In the previous consultations I have advocated creating of different figures, which give to consumers a way of assessing different products.

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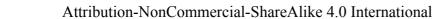
The next figure is based on one attempt of having a simple message, which can be used with different marketing operations.

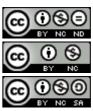


Another example is provided with the following figures.

89 Attribution-NonCommercial-NoDerivatives 4.0 International

Attribution-NonCommercial 4.0 International





These licences can be chosen 1 with simple selections, and there are different levels for explicating the licences:

- * figures
- * simplified easy-to-read pages
- * finally the long legal text.

In previous opinions I have advocated creating simplified figures and the three-level explanations related to the application area of figures.

In previous opinions I have advocated constructing easy-to-read legal texts – may in levels.

Proposal 1: For consumer marketing there could be different simplified figures to be used with consumer marketing messages.

Proposal 2: For consumer marketing there could be easy-to-read (e.g. in three levels) information related to energy usage.

An example from ² Finland is KELA's project for improving readability of different forms and texts. In other words, the complicated (legal) texts can be constructed with more simplified ways.

Like said, the consumer marketing is demanding, and marketing of energy efficiency and energy savings for customers (citizens) can take years.

^{1 &}lt;a href="http://creativecommons.org/choose/">http://creativecommons.org/choose/, page for selecting a Creative Commons licence

^{2 &}lt;a href="http://www.kela.fi/hankkeet_selkeyshanke">http://www.kela.fi/hankkeet_selkeyshanke, In Finnish: creating more readable texts for customers

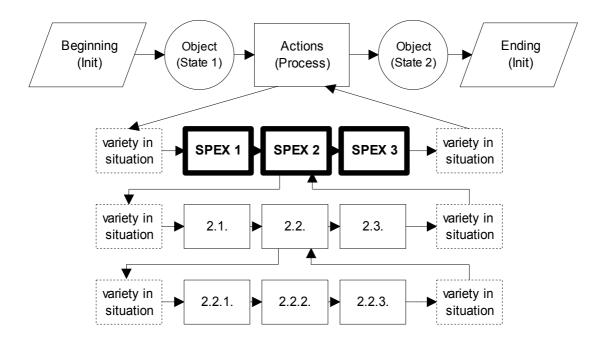
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Standardisation of interfaces for customers (citizens)

In previous consultations I have advocated standardisation of interfaces. There are different processes (Beginning \rightarrow Actions \rightarrow Ending), which can be described in different levels of details.



There can be highly detailed points in different processes (SPEX), which could be standardised.

Proposal 3: There could be a project for modelling different customer (care) processes.

Proposal 4: Some parts of the customer (care) processes could be standardised for customer interfaces.

Proposal 5: Some standardised customer interfaces could be used for having better customer (care) processes in the European level.

An example could be user-friendly interface (e.g. web page and/or mobile application) for energy consumption information, and the standardised interface could be the same for all energy providers.

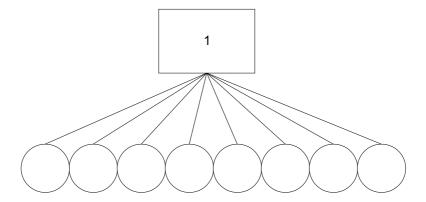
It can be noted, that different actors can naturally have other non-standardised interfaces for customer(s) (care), and there is nothing wrong with that approach.

Also, we have to assess the need for several customer (care) interfaces. In other words, different stakeholder groups need different interfaces, and energy (market) systems are not an exception of this situation.

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Proposal 6: There could be a project for analysing the quality and the quantity of different interfaces for different stakeholder groups, e.g. customer as one group.

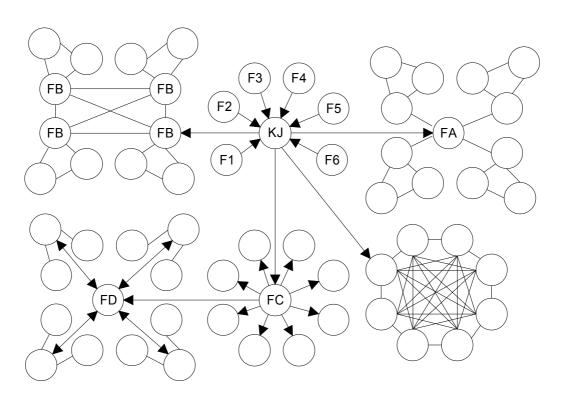
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Naturally, there can be even tens of different user interfaces depending on the nature of different systems.

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Layered systems

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In some previous consultations I have presented the figure above. In practical reality, there are different systems, which use very different standards/formats for cooperation between different systems.

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There are a lot of different standard setting organisations (SDO), and one comprehensive list is provided ³ for us by ConsortiumInfo.org. Examples are naturally different XML documents and CSV documents.

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Proposal 7: ACER could systematically assess existing standard setting organisations (SDO) and assess standards provided by those communities.

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Like said in the previous consultations, there should not be redundant standardisation.

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One theme: horizontal standards and vertical standards

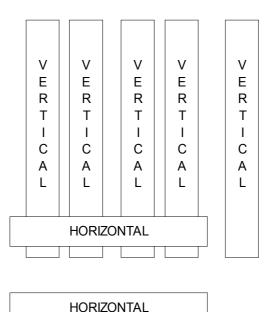
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One of the main themes can be division standards: horizontal standards and vertical standards. What this means? Generally speaking, different ICT solutions will implement a large collection of different standards: open standards and closed standards. In many cases, different ICT solutions do not work together and this might not constitute a problem. However, in many cases different ICT solutions has to work together seamlessly – possibly without further problems.

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Proposal 8: ACER could collect all relevant information about horizontal standards.

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Proposal 9: ACER could collect all relevant information about vertical standards.

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Proposal 10: There could be separation of horizontal standards and vertical standards.

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It can be said, that in some point there will be need for horizontal standardisation. This means, that several vertical systems can cooperate in different levels. The general development is, that there can

³ http://www.consortiuminfo.org/links/linksall.php, Standard Setting Organizations and Standards List

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be several vertical solutions for the same computerisation area. An example for this standardisation is the email standard (horizontal), when there are numerous email systems (vertical) created with very wide variety of technologies.

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Proposal 11: There could be different standardisation efforts related to horizontal standards and vertical standards.

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Proposal 12: Developing horizontal standards should favoured in the development of new and/or revised standards.

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Example of standards / Different information feeds

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In the previous consultations I have used RSS feeds as an example.

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To be precise, there are some standards for RSS feeds: RSS 2.0 ⁴ standard and Atom ^{5 6} standards. There are different systems, which comply with these example standards (RSS and Atom) differently.

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It can be said, that there is need for different information feeds between different systems. Like said before, ACER can assess different existing standards in order to avoid redundant (even useless) standardisation.

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211 **Good luck!!!**

- 213 This opinion is quite limited. Hopefully there are constructive ideas presented in other opinions.
- 214 This remains to be seen.

⁴ http://www.rssboard.org/rss-specification,

⁵ http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4287, The Atom Syndication Format

⁶ http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5023, The Atom Publishing Protocol

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216	ANNEX 1
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219	My opinions to the previous and relevant consultations – there consultations were mostly organised
220	by the Commission of the Europan Union. General page to all consultations – both in English and
221	in Finnish: http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html
222	
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224	EN: Opinion 1: Review of the rules on access to documents
225	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro 1
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227	EN: Opinion 2: Schools for the 21st Century
228	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_2
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230	EN: Opinion 3: The future of pharmaceuticals for Human use in Europe- making Europe a Hub for
231	Safe and Innovative medicines
232	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_3
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234	EN: Opinion 5: Consumer Scoreboard, Questionnaire for stakeholders
235	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_5
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237	EN: Opinion 6: Consultation on a Code of Conduct for Interest Representatives
238	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro 6
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240	EN: Opinion 8: European Interoperability Framework, version 2, draft
241	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_8
242	
243	EN: Opinion 9: CAMSS: Common Assessment Method for Standards and Specifications, CAMSS
244	proposal for comments
245	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_9
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247	EN: Opinion 15: Collective Redress
248	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_15
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250	EN: Opinion 17: Opinion to Antitrust Case No. COMP/C-3/39.530
251	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_17
252	
253	EN: Opinion 18: Opinion Related to the Public Undertaking by Microsoft
254	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_18
255	
256	EN: Opinion 19: Official Acknowledgement by the Commission
257	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_19
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260 EN: Opinion 20: SECOND Opinion Related to the Public Undertaking by Microsoft

261 http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_20

263 EN: Opinion 21: Opinion about the European Interoperability Strategy proposal

264 http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro 21

266 EN: Opinion 23: Public consultation on the review of the European Standardisation System

267 http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro 23

269 EN: Opinion 27: Public Consultation on the Modernisation of EU Public Procurement Policy

270 http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro 27

272 EN: Opinion 28: Consultation on the Europe 2020 Project Bond Initiative

273 http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro 28

275 EN: Opinion 30: Internet Filtering

276 http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro 30

277 NOTE: Organised by the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) ⁷

279 EN: Opinion 32: COMP/C-3/39.692/IBM – Maintenance services

280 http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro 32

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282 EN: Opinion 34: REMIT Registration Format

283 http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro 34

NOTE: Organised by The Agency for the Cooperation of Energy Regulators (ACER) ⁸

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286 EN: Opinion 35: Exploiting the employment potential of the personal and household services

287 http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro 35

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289 EN: Opinion 37: CASE COMP/39.654 - Reuters instrument codes

290 http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_37

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292 EN: Opinion 39: Registry options to facilitate linking of emissions trading systems

293 http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro 39

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295 EN: Opinion 40: Media Freedom and Pluralism / audiovisual regulatory bodies

296 http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro 40

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298 EN: Opinion 41: AT.39398: observations on the proposed commitments

299 http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro 41

300

301 EN: Opinion 42: Opening up Education

302 http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro 42

^{7 &}lt;a href="http://www.cen.eu/">http://www.cen.eu/ (Accessed 2 July 2012)

^{8 &}lt;a href="http://www.acer.europa.eu/">http://www.acer.europa.eu/ (Accessed 2 July 2012)

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304	EN: Opinion 43: Publication of extracts of the European register of market participants
305	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_43
306	NOTE: Organised by The Agency for the Cooperation of Energy Regulators (ACER)
307	
308	EN: Opinion 44: Evaluation policy guidelines
309	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_44
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311	EN: Opinion 45: About ICT standardisation
312	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_45
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314	EN: Opinion 46: Review of the EU copyright rules
315	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_46
316	
317	EN: Opinion 51: European Area of Skills and Qualifications
318	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_51
319	
320	EN: Opinion 52: Trusted Cloud Europe Survey
321	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_52
322	
323	EN: Opinion 53: Trade Reporting User Manual (TRUM) (Draft)
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ANNEX 2

DISCLAIMERS

Legal disclaimer:

All opinions in this opinion paper are personal opinions and they do not represent opinions of any legal entity I am member either by law or voluntarily. This opinion paper is only intended to trigger thinking and it is not legal advice.

This opinion paper does not apply to any past, current or future legal entity. This opinion paper will not cover any of the future changes in this fast-developing area. Any actions made based on this opinion is solely responsibility of respective actor making those actions.

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These opinions are not meant to be extreme-right, moderate-right, extreme-centre ⁹, moderate-centre, extreme-left or moderate-left. They are only opinions of an individual whose overall thinking might or might not contain elements of different sources. These opinions do not reflect past, current or future political situation in the Finnish, European or worldwide politics.

These opinions are not meant to rally for a candidacy in any public election in any level.

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The English explanation is on the following web page: http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-nd/4.0/legalcode



⁹ Based on the Finnish three-party system there is a phenomenon called extreme-centre in Finland. The 2011 parliamentary elections in Finland challenge the three-party system, since three "old" parties were not traditionally as the three largest parties. The is now a "new" party as the third largest party. We all must remain being interested about this new development in Finland.