

1
2 Transparency Unit

3 Secretariat General of the European Commission (SG.B.4)

4 European Commission

5
6
7 **Public consultation about the proposal for a mandatory Transparency Register**

8
9
10 First of all, a lot of thanks to the Transparency Unit for organising this important consultation.

11
12 This opinion represents an opinion of an individual citizen, not any legal entity.

13
14 This opinion does not contain:

- 15 – any business secrets
16 – any trade secrets
17 – any confidential information.

18
19 This opinion is public.

20 Transparency Unit can add the PDF file of this opinion to a relevant web page.

21
22
23 Annex 1 holds information about previous consultations on the European Union level.
24 Annex 2 holds information about disclaimers and copyright.

25
26
27 Best Regards,

28
29
30
31 Jukka S. Rannila
32 citizen of Finland

33
34 signed electronically

35
36
37 [Continues on the next page]

39

40 **One general opinion about publishing position papers – before opinions about information
41 systems**

42

43 My initial (1) assumption is that different interest representatives dont object publishing different
44 position papers. My initial (2) assumption is that different stakeholder groups may read different
45 position papers if those position papers are published.

46

47 **Proposal: Transparency Register could be used to systematically collect different
48 position papers (usually PDF files).**

49

50 **Proposal: Using the Transparency Register for collecting different position papers
51 could be assessed after this consultation.**

52

53 Naturally we have ¹ EUSurvey software which can be used for collecting different
54 positions/opinions. However, there should be always possibility to upload different position/opinion
55 papers – this issue can be solved with some basic instructions when using the Transparency Register
56 software.

57

58 **One example for developing the Transparency Register**

59

60 In the previous consultations I have used web feeds as an example.

61



62

63

64 To be precise, there are some standards for ² web feeds: RSS 2.0 ³ standard and Atom ^{4 5} standards.
65 There are different software which comply with these standards (RSS and Atom).

66

67 It can be noted, that different back-office systems (with a wide variety of different technologies) can
68 implement RSS standards, and these RSS feeds can be used in the front-office systems. With this
69 kind solutions front-office systems dont need direct system-to-system communications with back-
70 office systems.

71

72 Here we can note that there are several systems provided by different European Union institutes and
73 those systems provide RSS feeds.

74

75 **Proposal: Usage of different web feeds (RSS and/or Atom) should be assessed carefully
76 when developing the Transparency Register.**

1 <https://joinup.ec.europa.eu/software/eusurvey/home>, EUSurvey home page

2 http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Web_feed, Web feed

3 <http://www.rssboard.org/rss-specification>, RSS 2.0 Specification

4 <http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4287>, The Atom Syndication Format

5 <http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5023>, The Atom Publishing Protocol

77

78 More different identifiers (ID)?

79

80 From the Transparency Register⁶ web page it is possible to search information of different interest
81 representative communities. Like other registers Transparency Register has a specific identifier
82 (ID).

83

84 **Note: The number of different identifiers (ID) is increasing all the time.**

85

86 In the previous consultations there has been discussion about different identifiers (ID) in the
87 different systems. It can be noted from the previous opinions, that there will be several and different
88 identifiers (ID) for different levels. On the European Union level there can be several identifiers
89 (ID), e.g. following:

90

- 91 * global identifiers (ID)
- 92 * EU-wide identifiers (ID)
- 93 * general member state identifiers (ID)
- 94 * several identifiers (ID) in a member state.

95

96 **Proposal: There could be a systematic review of different identifiers (ID) which are**
97 **related transparency issues.**

98

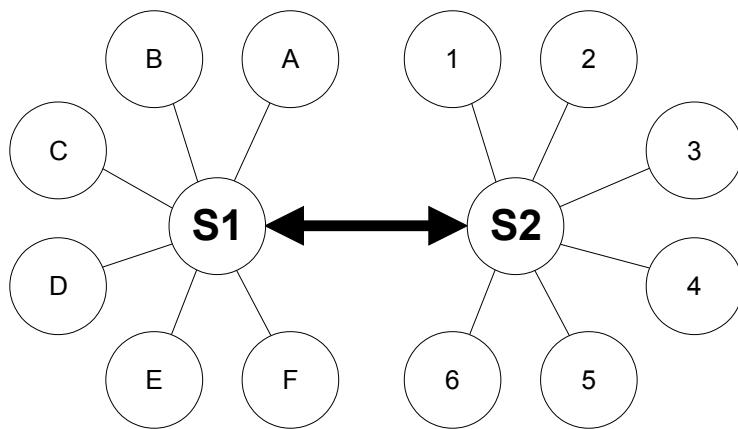
99 An example could be that stakeholder communities may have a national identifier (ID) in some
100 member states. Not all member states require registration of interest representatives on the national
101 level.

102

103 Added value of different identifiers (ID)?

104

1-2



105

106

6 <http://ec.europa.eu/transparencyregister/public/homePage.do>,

107 Here we can note possible cooperation between different systems and usually cooperation between
108 different systems means using different identifiers (ID). There can be some central ($S_1 \leftrightarrow S_2$)
109 systems which collect information from other systems which have own identifiers (ID).

110

111 An example is naturally (possible) cooperation with European Parliament and European
112 Commission information systems.

113

114 **Different systems (inside / outside) using different identifiers (ID)**

115

116 Here we can note the Comitology Register ⁷ organised by the European Commission. An example of
117 cooperation could be using Transparency Register identifier (ID) for communities involved in
118 comitology work.

119

120 **Proposal: Cooperation (using identifiers, ID) between Transparency Register and with
121 internal systems (European Union institutions) could be assessed carefully – e.g.
122 Transparency Register and Comitology Register.**

123

124 **Proposal: Cooperation (using identifiers, ID) between Transparency Register and with
125 external systems (outside European Union institutions) could be assessed carefully.**

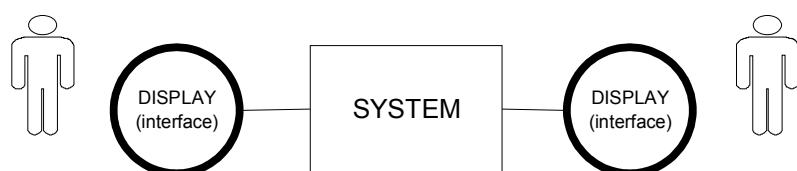
126

127 **Different displays and interfaces? (API: Application programming interface)**

128

129 Here we can note that all information systems have different displays and interfaces. Different
130 identifiers (ID) are also used with different displays and interfaces. Some stakeholder groups can
131 use term “application programming interface” (API).

132



133

134

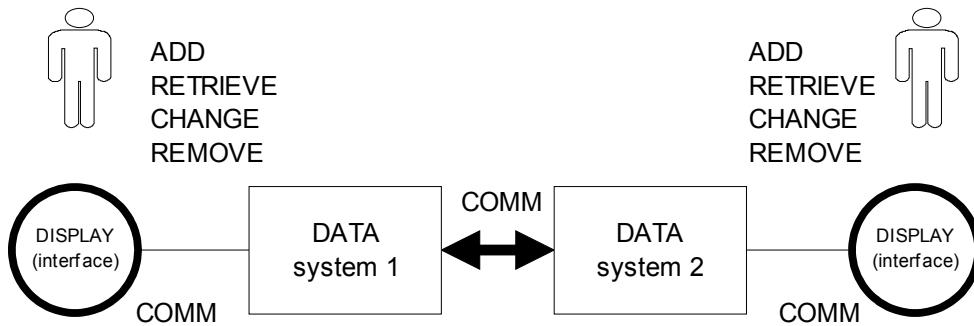
135 **Cooperation between systems**

136

137 Here we can note cooperation between systems based on system-to-system communication. Also
138 general usage of a system can be noted: retrieving, adding, changing and removing data in an
139 information system.

140

7 <http://ec.europa.eu/transparency/regcomitology/index.cfm>, Comitology Register



141

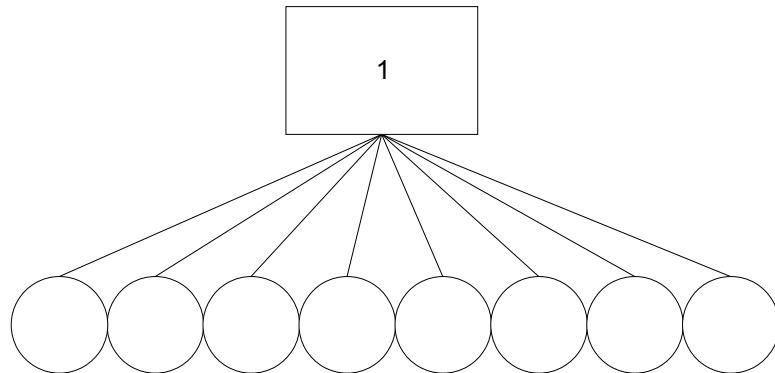
142

143 **Number of different displays and interfaces? (API: Application programming interface)**

144

145 In previous opinions I have advocated creation of several displays and interfaces based on the needs
146 of different stakeholder communities.

147



148

149

150 **Proposal: Number of different interfaces should be assessed carefully.**

151

152 **Proposal: Creating different displays and interfaces for Transparency Register could
153 be assessed carefully.**

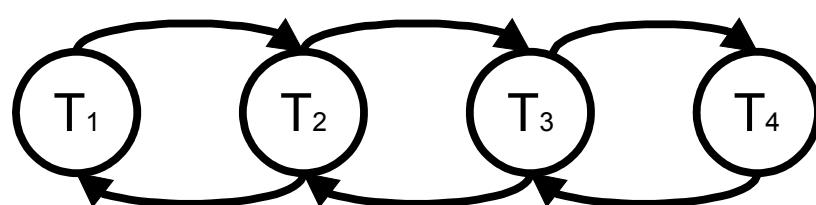
154

155 **Note: Different displays and interfaces would be different features of a system
156 when compared with web feeds (RSS and/or Atom).**

157

158 **From ($T_n \leftrightarrow T_n$) beginner users to expert user / Different user experiences**

159

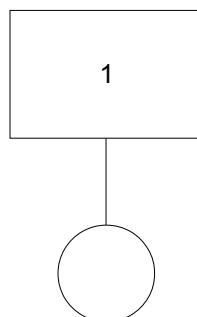


160

161

162 Here we can note people learn usage of an information system with different timeframes ($T_n \leftrightarrow T_n$).
 163 In time beginners can become expert users after some experience of using a system. A general
 164 mistake is to create just one interface to all stakeholder groups – in many cases interface is
 165 developed for beginners.

166

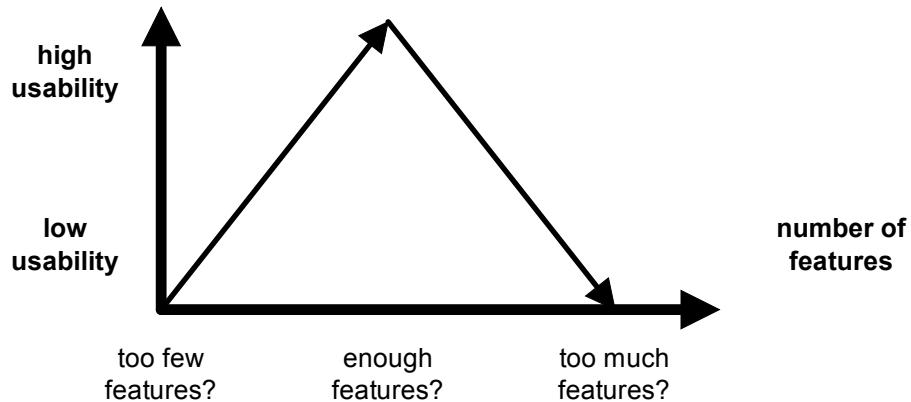


167

168

169 In reality expert users need efficient shortcuts to all functions in an information system. After
 170 creating an interface to experts users there can be development of interfaces to other stakeholder
 171 groups.

172



173

174

175 It is also possible that there are too many features implemented in an information system; too many
 176 features means problems for expert users and average users. Like said before there has to be
 177 different interfaces – not just one interface for beginners.

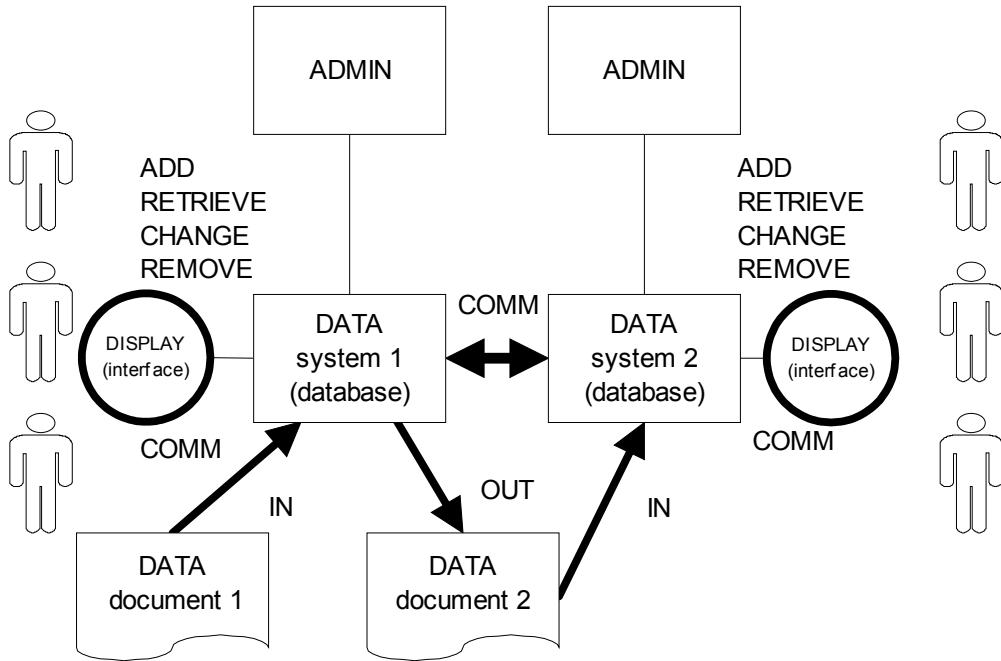
178

179 Question about open data?

180

181 In some cases public sector information systems can provide open data – either free or with nominal
 182 fees. Here we can note that data can be provided in documents and/or in databases. Data can be
 183 provided either realtime or in some timeframes.

184



185

186

187

Proposal: Providing open data from the Transparency Register could be assessed carefully.

188

189

190

Proposal: Providing (open) data with different timeframes could be assessed carefully.

191

192

193

194

Proposal: Providing (open) data directly from database(s) could be assessed carefully.

195

196

197

198

199

200

201

202

203

Generally speaking different stakeholder communities can use open data in very intelligently – also adding other (open) data for creation an information service is a possibility.

Good luck!!!

This opinion is quite limited. Hopefully there are other constructive ideas presented in other opinions. This remains to be seen.

204

205

206

207

208

209

210

211

212

ANNEX 1

213

214

215

My opinions to the previous and relevant consultations – there consultations were mostly organised by the Commission of the European Union. General page to all consultations – both in English and in Finnish: <http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html>

216

EN: Opinion 1: Review of the rules on access to documents

http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_1

217

218

EN: Opinion 2: Schools for the 21st Century

http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_2

219

220

EN: Opinion 3: The future of pharmaceuticals for Human use in Europe- making Europe a Hub for Safe and Innovative medicines

http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_3

221

EN: Opinion 5: Consumer Scoreboard, Questionnaire for stakeholders

http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_5

222

223

EN: Opinion 6: Consultation on a Code of Conduct for Interest Representatives

http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_6

224

225

EN: Opinion 8: European Interoperability Framework, version 2, draft

http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_8

226

227

EN: Opinion 9: CAMSS: Common Assessment Method for Standards and Specifications, CAMSS proposal for comments

http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_9

228

EN: Opinion 15: Collective Redress

http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_15

229

230

EN: Opinion 17: Opinion to Antitrust Case No. COMP/C-3/39.530

http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_17

231

232

EN: Opinion 18: Opinion Related to the Public Undertaking by Microsoft

http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_18

233

234

EN: Opinion 19: Official Acknowledgement by the Commission

http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_19

- 249 EN: Opinion 20: SECOND Opinion Related to the Public Undertaking by Microsoft
http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_20
- 250 EN: Opinion 21: Opinion about the European Interoperability Strategy proposal
http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_21
- 251 EN: Opinion 23: Public consultation on the review of the European Standardisation System
http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_23
- 252 EN: Opinion 27: Public Consultation on the Modernisation of EU Public Procurement Policy
http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_27
- 253 EN: Opinion 28: Consultation on the Europe 2020 Project Bond Initiative
http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_28
- 254 EN: Opinion 30: Internet Filtering
http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_30
- 255 NOTE: Organised by the European Committee for Standardization (CEN)⁸
- 256 EN: Opinion 32: COMP/C-3/39.692/IBM – Maintenance services
http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_32
- 257 EN: Opinion 34: REMIT Registration Format
http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_34
- 258 NOTE: Organised by The Agency for the Cooperation of Energy Regulators (ACER)⁹
- 259 EN: Opinion 35: Exploiting the employment potential of the personal and household services
http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_35
- 260 EN: Opinion 37: CASE COMP/39.654 - Reuters instrument codes
http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_37
- 261 EN: Opinion 39: Registry options to facilitate linking of emissions trading systems
http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_39
- 262 EN: Opinion 40: Media Freedom and Pluralism / audiovisual regulatory bodies
http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_40
- 263 EN: Opinion 41: AT.39398: observations on the proposed commitments
http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_41
- 264 EN: Opinion 42: Opening up Education
http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_42

8 <http://www.cen.eu/> (Accessed 2 July 2012)

9 <http://www.acer.europa.eu/> (Accessed 2 July 2012)

292 EN: Opinion 43: Publication of extracts of the European register of market participants

http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_43

293 NOTE: Organised by The Agency for the Cooperation of Energy Regulators (ACER)

295

296 EN: Opinion 44: Evaluation policy guidelines

http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_44

298

299 EN: Opinion 45: About ICT standardisation

http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_45

301

302 EN: Opinion 46: Review of the EU copyright rules

http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_46

304

305 EN: Opinion 51: European Area of Skills and Qualifications

http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_51

307

308 EN: Opinion 52: Trusted Cloud Europe Survey

http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_52

310

311 EN: Opinion 53: Trade Reporting User Manual (TRUM) (Draft)

http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_53

313 NOTE: Organised by The Agency for the Cooperation of Energy Regulators (ACER)

314

315 EN: Opinion 55: European Energy Regulation

http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_55

317 NOTE: Organised by The Agency for the Cooperation of Energy Regulators (ACER)

318

319 EN: Opinion 59: Green paper on mobile Health

http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_59

321

322 EN: Opinion 60: Cross-border inheritance tax problems within the EU

http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_60

324

325 EN: Opinion 61: European Register of Products Containing Nanomaterials

http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_61

327

328 EN: Opinion 64: Corporate Social Responsibility - European Commission

http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_64

330

331 EN: Opinion 66: Net Innovation for the Work Programme 2016-2017

http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_66

333

334 EN: Opinion 68: European Network Code Stakeholder Committees

http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_68

336 NOTE: Organised by The Agency for the Cooperation of Energy Regulators (ACER)

337

338 EN: Opinion 71: Common Schema for the Disclosure of Inside Information

339 http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_71

340 NOTE: Organised by The Agency for the Cooperation of Energy Regulators (ACER)

341

342 EN: Opinion 74: Enabling the Internet of Things

343 http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_74

344 NOTE: Organised by Body of European Regulators for Electronic Communications (BEREC)

345

346

347 My opinions to the previous and relevant consultations – there consultations were mostly organised

348 by the Commission of the European Union. General page to all consultations – both in English and

349 in Finnish: <http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html>

350

351

352 [Continues on the next page]

353

354

355

356 DISCLAIMERS

357

358 Legal disclaimer:

359 All opinions in this opinion paper are personal opinions and they do not represent opinions of any legal entity I am
360 member either by law or voluntarily. This opinion paper is only intended to trigger thinking and it is not legal advice.
361 This opinion paper does not apply to any past, current or future legal entity. This opinion paper will not cover any of the
362 future changes in this fast-developing area. Any actions made based on this opinion is solely responsibility of respective
363 actor making those actions.

364

365 Political disclaimer:

366 These opinions do not represent opinions of any political party. These opinions are not advices to certain policy and
367 they are only intended to trigger thinking. Any law proposal based on these opinions are sole responsibility of that legal
368 entity making law proposals.

369

370 These opinions are not meant to be extreme-right, moderate-right, extreme-centre¹⁰, moderate-centre, extreme-left or
371 moderate-left. They are only opinions of an individual whose overall thinking might or might not contain elements of
372 different sources. These opinions do not reflect past, current or future political situation in the Finnish, European or
373 worldwide politics.

374

375 These opinions are not meant to rally for a candidacy in any public election in any level.

376

377 Content of web pages:

378 This text may or may not refer to web pages. The content of those web pages is not responsibility of author of this
379 document. They are referenced on the date of this document. If referenced web pages are not found after the date when
380 this document is dated, that situation is not responsibility of the author. All changes done in the web pages this
381 document refers are sole responsibility of those organisations and individuals maintaining those web pages. All illegal
382 content found on the referred web pages is not on the responsibility of the author of this document, and producing that
383 kind content is not endorsed by the author of this document.

384

385 Use of broken English

386 This text is in English, but from a person, whose is not a native English-speaking person. Therefore the text may or may
387 not contain bad, odd and broken English, and can contain awkward linguistic solutions.

388

389 COPYRIGHT

390

391 This opinion paper is distributed under Creative Commons licence, to be specific the licence is “Attribution-
392 NonCommercial-NoDerivatives 4.0 International (CC BY-NC-ND 4.0)”. The text of the licence can be obtained from
393 the following web page:

<http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-nd/4.0/>

394

The English explanation is on the following web page:

<http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-nd/4.0/legalcode>

395

396

397



398

399

10 Based on the Finnish three-party system there is a phenomenon called extreme-centre in Finland. The 2011 parliamentary elections in Finland challenged the three-party system, since three “old” parties were not traditionally as the three largest parties. On 2015 this “new” party is part of the current Finnish Government. We all must be interested about this new development in Finland.