	Jukka S. Rann	nila	OPINION	1 (16)
	<u>www.jukkarar</u>	<u>nnila.fi</u>	19 January 2015	Public / WWW
1 2 3	TO: <u>consultati</u>	ion.acer@entsoe.eu		
4 5 6 7	TO: ACER – Agency for the Cooperation of the Energy Regulators TO: ENTSO-E – European Network of Transmission System Operators for Electricity			
 Public opinion about the establishment of European Network Code Stakeholder C 10 				
10 11 12	First of all,a lo	ot of thanks to ACER and ENTSO-E f	or organising this important c	onsultation.
13 14	This opinion r	represents an opinion of an individual	citizen, not any legal entity.	
15	This opinion c	does not contain:		
16	_	any business secrets		
17	_	any trade secrets		
18	_	any confidential information.		
19		any confidential information.		
20	This opinion i	a public		
	This opinion i	is public.		
21	ACED and EN	VITEO E car add the DDE file of this a	ninion to a valouant walk name	
22	ACER and Er	NTSO-E can add the PDF file of this o	pinion to a relevant web page	
23				
24				
25		s information about previous consultat		
26	Annex 2 holds	s information about disclaimers and co	opyright.	
27				
28				
29	Best Regards,			
30				
31				
32				
33	Jukka S. Rann			
34	citizen of Finl	and		
35				
36	signed electro	nically		
37				
38				
39	[Continues on	the next page]		

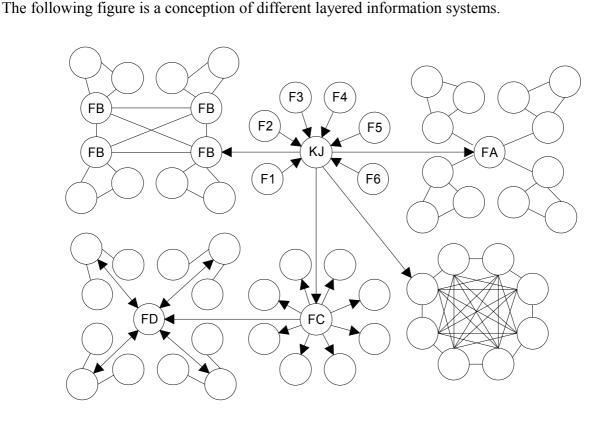
Jukka S. Rannila	OPINION	2 (16)
www.jukkarannila.fi	19 January 2015	Public / WWW

40	
41	General: Previous consultations
42 43 44	I gave earlier opinions to ACER, and PDF files of those opinions are on the following page:
45 46	EN: Opinion 34: REMIT Registration Format <u>http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_34</u>
47 48 49	EN: Opinion 43: Publication of extracts of the European register of market participants <u>http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_43</u>
50 51 52	EN: Opinion 53: Trade Reporting User Manual (TRUM) (Draft) http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_53
53 54 55	EN: Opinion 55: European Energy Regulation http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_55
56 57 58	SO, in this Opinion there should be some new insights about the establishment of European Network Code Stakeholder Committees.
59 60	Limitation: Opinion of an individual citizen – not any legal entity
61 62 63 64	Since this opinion is created by an individual citizen, the knowledge base for this consultation is naturally rather limited, since there has not been a group of experienced experts writing this opinion.
65 66	About the proposed IT platform / This opinion is mostly about information technology
67 68 69 70	There are different opinions listed on the annex 1 page. In many cases opinions have been about information technology issues. It can be noted, that also this limited opinion presents some observations about information technology.
71 72	NOTE: This opinion is mostly about the proposed IT platform.
73 74	More and more different codes and/or identifiers (ID)
75 76 77 78	On previous consultation documents are different observations about different codes and/or identifiers (ID).
79 80 81	It can be noted, that the number of different codes and/or identifiers (ID) is increasing gradually in different application fields – some codes and/or identifiers (ID) are private and some codes and/or identifiers (ID) are public.
82 83 84	In reality different codes and/or identifiers (ID) are layered and there can be several versions for different codes and/or identifiers (ID).

OPINION

www.jukkarannila.fi

19 January 2015



87 88

85

86

Like the figure indicates, there can be several formats (FA-FD and FI-F6) to be used in different information systems. Different information systems have also internal identifiers (ID) and external identifiers (ID) for (possible) public usage. The added value for different stakeholders is provided by combination of different identifiers (ID) in a specific information system.

93 94

95

96

Proposal: The could be some assessment(s) based on different versions of different codes and/or different identifiers (ID).

- 97 It can be possible, that there are some legacy identifiers (ID) in the near future. It can be possible,
 98 that gradually some legacy identifiers (ID) can be consolidated for more standardised identifiers
 99 (ID), but this consolidation means some serious technical and administrative actions.
- 100

101 Like the next figure indicates, there are databases in different information systems. Then there are 102 different documents for transmitting data between different system.

- 103
- Here we can note especially following standardisation needs for different parts of the proposed ITplatform:
- 106 * communication standards
- 107 * data standards (also document standards)
- 108 * database standards
- 109 * display / interface standards.
- 110

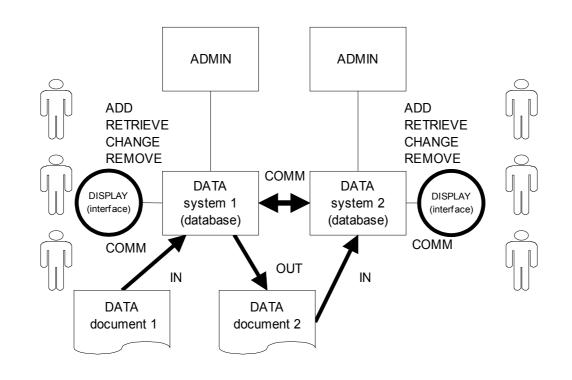
OPINION

4 (16)

www.jukkarannila.fi

19 January 2015

Public / WWW



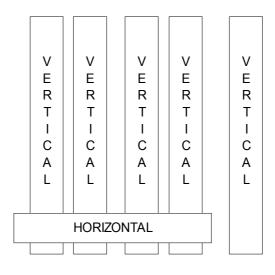
111

112 113

113Proposal: There could different standardisation efforts for communication, data,114document, database, display/interface standards.

- 116 Horizontal standards and vertical standards for system-to-system communication
- 117

115



- 118 119
- 120 In previous opinions I have advocated developing different horizontal standards.

Jukka S. Rannila	OPINION	5 (16)
www.jukkarannila.fi	19 January 2015	Public / WWW

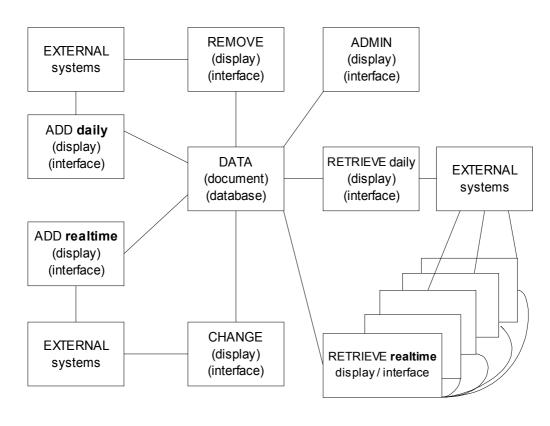
Proposal: The could be some assessment(s) for comparing different horizontal standards. Proposal: The could be some assessment(s) for comparing different vertical standards. One example of an horizontal standard is the email standard, since there are several vertical systems, which comply with email standards, and email messages can be transmitted between different email systems based on very different technological solutions.

Proposal: Developing different horizontal standards could be favoured.

130 131

132 Different timeframes for different information systems

133



- 134
- 135
- 136 Like the previous figure indicates, there is difference between realtime systems and other systems.
- 137 138

139

140 141

142

143

- Proposal: There can be different realtime systems, and the need for different realtime systems could be assessed.
- Proposal: There can different systems with other timeframes, and the need for systems should with different timeframes could be assessed
- 144 In some cases there is a clear need for different replicated information systems.
- 145

OPINION

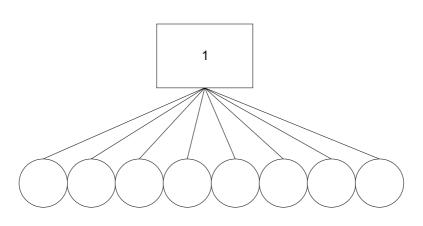
www.jukkarannila.fi

19 January 2015

Public / WWW

146 Need for different interfaces and different displays

147



148 149

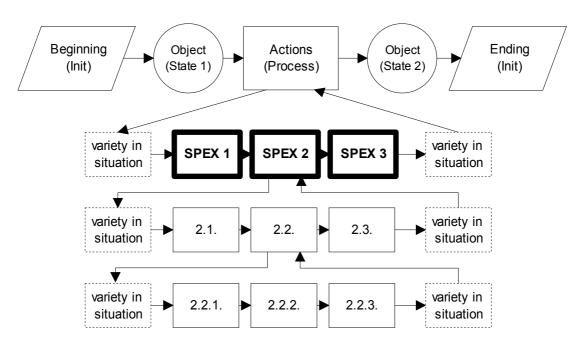
150 Previous proposal leads to a need for different interfaces and different displays. It can be noted, that 151 different stakeholder groups need different interfaces and different displays.

152 153

154

Proposal: There could be some serious assessment about different interfaces and different displays.

- 155156 In previous consultations I have advocated standardising interfaces and displays.
- 157



- 158 159
- 160

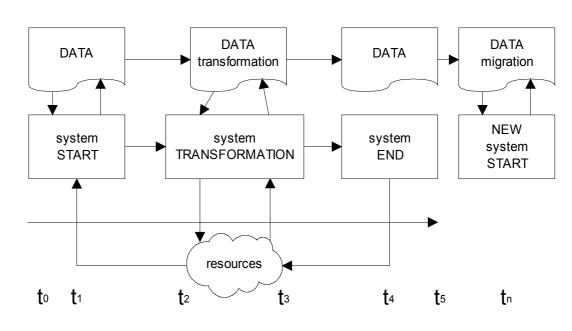
Proposal: After some serious assessment there could be some serious work for standardised (SPEX) interfaces and displays.

161 162

163 It can be noted, that several systems could implement (SPEX) the same parts of different processes,

Jukka S. Rannila	OPINION	7 (16)
www.jukkarannila.fi	19 January 2015	Public / WWW

- 164 even though the technology in different systems can be totally different.
- 165
- 166 Different life-cycles between different information systems
- 167



168 169

170 In reality, there are different life-cycles between different information systems. Like previously 171 noted, there can be different documents for transmitting data between systems – also system-to-

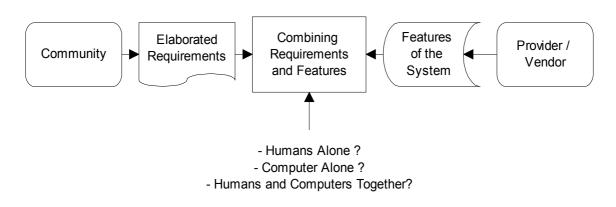
- 172 system communication is possible.
- 173

174 In some cases extraction of data from an old system to a new system may be very difficult. Like 175 noted before, there can be some legacy systems, and those systems can mean serious problems in

- 175 floted before, th 176 the near future.
- 170

178 Difference between requirements and features

179



- 180 181
- 182 It can be noted, that network codes mean developing different information technology (IT)

Jukka S. Rannila	OPINION	8 (16)
www.jukkarannila.fi	19 January 2015	Public / WWW

183 solutions, and network codes mean different IT projects – this is not a news item.

However, different requirements for an IT system can be described in many ways, and there can be
mismatches between features and requirements. Also, the division of labour between humans and
computers can cause problems, and there are always real possibilities for creating cumbersome IT
solutions.

189 190

191

Note: Previously mentioned standardisation (SPEX) of interfaces and/or displays can be realised with very different information technology solutions.

192
193 There could be division for back-office systems and front-office systems. It is clear that the
194 proposed IT platform is about front-office system, since it is proposed to be open for (all?)
195 interested stakeholder groups.
196

197 **Proposal: Back-office systems and front-office systems could be consolidated.**

198199 One example of back-office system and front-office system integration

- 200201 In the previous consultations I have used web feeds as an example.
- 202



203 204

To be precise, there are some standards for ¹ web feeds: RSS 2.0 ² standard and Atom ^{3 4} standards.

- There are different systems, which comply with these example standards (RSS and Atom)
 differently.
- 209 It can be noted, that different back-office systems (with a wide variety of different technologies) can

210 implement RSS standards, and these RSS feeds can be used in the front-office systems. With this

kind solutions front-office systems dont need direct system-to-system communications with backoffice systems.

213

The current reality in different member states

215

Like said before, there can be a wide variety of different technologies to be selected to differentinformation systems.

218

One problem is naturally complex system-to-system connections, and this can lead to very serious
 problems in the maintenance and development

221

- 2 <u>http://www.rssboard.org/rss-specification</u>,
- 3 <u>http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4287</u>, The Atom Syndication Format

^{1 &}lt;u>http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Web_feed</u>, Web feed

^{4 &}lt;u>http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5023</u>, The Atom Publishing Protocol

OPINION

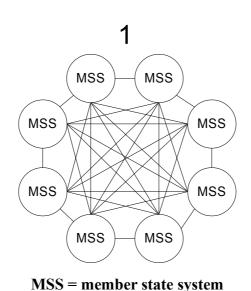
9(16)

www.jukkarannila.fi

19 January 2015

Public / WWW

- The next figure tries to describe this situation. 222
- 223



224 225

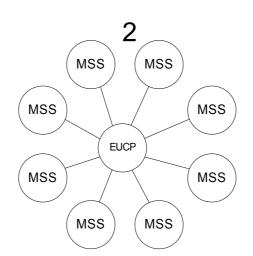
226

227 It can be possible in some member states (European Union), that the systems in a member state is 228 highly interconnected.

229

230 One obvious solution is to have an European contact point, and different member state system could

231 be connected.



MSS = member state system **EUCP = European Union contact point**

234 235

232 233

236 In reality having one European Union contact point can lead to a situation with too many

connections, and this can lead to different IT havocs when the European Union contact point is 237

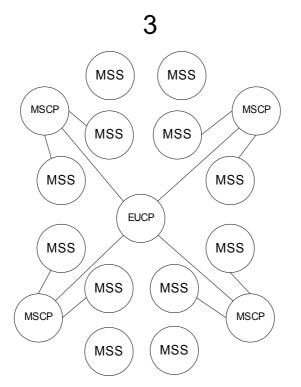
238 facing different problems.

239

240 Therefore it is better to have member state contact points. These member state contact points can

Jukka S. Rannila	OPINION	10 (16)
<u>www.jukkarannila.fi</u>	19 January 2015	Public / WWW

- 241 collect needed information from different member state systems. In this way European Union
- 242 contact point would have less pressure.



- 243
- 244
- 245 246

247

MSS = member state system MSCP = member state contact p

MSCP = member state contact point EUCP = European Union contact point

It can be also noted, that different member state systems have different life-cycles. Some member state systems can be terminated is some timeframes. Also some new systems can be created to have more functions than the previously terminated systems.

251

252 Changes in the organising / organisational modes 253

Here can be noted, that there will be changes in different communities, and organising / organisational modes will change.

In many cases original community can grow larger. Then there is a question about communication
 problems and management problems in different communities. This problem can lead to division of
 the original organisation to smaller entities. Then these smaller entities can work more efficiently.

260 261

262

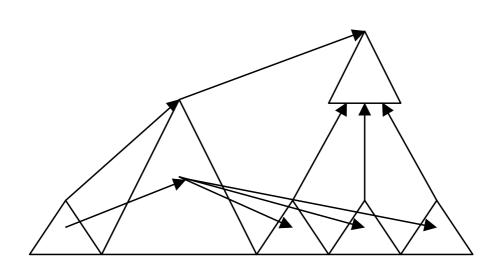
Note: The change in different levels will be a constant/enduring issue.

263 [Continues on the next page]

www.jukkarannila.fi

19 January 2015

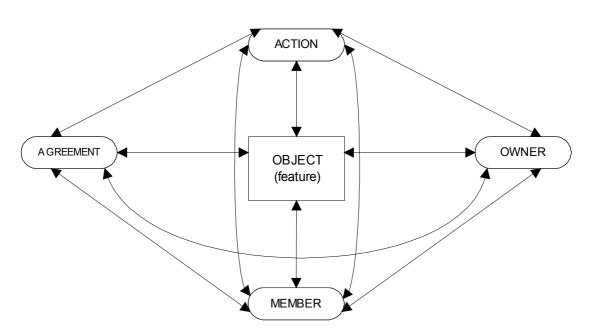
Public / WWW



264

265

- Proposal: Possibilities for reorganisations could be assessed when developing different
 codes for serious usage.
- 268
- 269 Owner, member or agreement?
- 270



271

- 272
- Here we can note the difference between owners, agreements and members. In reality ownerships
 agreements and memberships cause very complex networks, and those networks are changing all
 the time: divisions, mergers, ownership changes, agreement changes, cooperation with other
 entities, life-cycles, etc.
- 277

Question: Can different network codes take care of changes in ownerships, agreements and memberships?

Jukka S. Rannila	OPINION	12 (16)
www.jukkarannila.fi	19 January 2015	Public / WWW

281 Proposal: There could be some considerations for assessing possible / future changes in 282 ownerships, agreements and memberships. 283 284 Different requirements for the proposed IT platform 285 286 In the previous consultations I have advocated following solution as the maximum solution for different information systems: 287 288 289 * public sector institute owns the machinery and processor of the information system * the machinery and processor are based on relevant open standards 290 291 * the operating system is based on an open-source solution * public sector institute owns the source code of the information system 292 * public sector institute owns the database of the information system 293 * the database is based on open-source solution and on relevant open standards 294 295 * public sector institute owns all data in the information system. 296 297 Note: It is possible, that the maximum solution is not implemented for different 298 reasons. 299 300 Here we can note, that the proposed IT platform can be realised with different technologies - some of those technologies are closed and open. 301 302 303 Proposal: There could be a more technical and more detailed consultation about the 304 technologies of the proposed IT platform. 305 One option is to create a detailed roadmap for different phases of the proposed IT platform. With 306 307 this roadmap it could be easier to develop the proposed IT platform. 308 309 Proposal: Detailed roadmap for the proposed IT platform could be created. 310 311 Proposal: Detailed roadmap for the proposed IT platform could part of more technical 312 and more detailed consultation about the proposed IT platform. 313 314 Note: In some consultations I have proposed a roadmap, which could gradually move to the previously explicated maximum solution for different information systems 315 316 317 318 Good luck!!! 319 320 This opinion is quite limited. Hopefully, there are other constructive ideas presented in other 321 opinions. This remains to be seen. 322 323 [Continues on the next page]

OPINION

13 (16)

<u>www.jukkarannila.fi</u>

19 January 2015

Public / WWW

324	
325	
326	<u>ANNEX 1</u>
327	
328	
329	My opinions to the previous and relevant consultations – there consultations were mostly organised
330	by the Commission of the Europan Union. General page to all consultations – both in English and
331	in Finnish: http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html
332	
333	
334	EN: Opinion 1: Review of the rules on access to documents
335	<u>http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_1</u>
336	
337	EN: Opinion 2: Schools for the 21st Century
338	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_2
339	
340	EN: Opinion 3: The future of pharmaceuticals for Human use in Europe- making Europe a Hub for
341	Safe and Innovative medicines
342	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_3
343	
344	EN: Opinion 5: Consumer Scoreboard, Questionnaire for stakeholders
345	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_5
346	
347	EN: Opinion 6: Consultation on a Code of Conduct for Interest Representatives
348	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_6
349	
350	EN: Opinion 8: European Interoperability Framework, version 2, draft
351	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_8
352 353	EN: Oninian 0: CAMES: Common Assessment Mathed for Standards and Specifications, CAMES
	EN: Opinion 9: CAMSS: Common Assessment Method for Standards and Specifications, CAMSS proposal for comments
354 355	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_9
356	<u>hup.//www.jukkaramma.m/tausumot.mm#m0_9</u>
357	EN: Opinion 15: Collective Redress
358	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_15
359	
360	EN: Opinion 17: Opinion to Antitrust Case No. COMP/C-3/39.530
361	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_17
362	<u> </u>
363	EN: Opinion 18: Opinion Related to the Public Undertaking by Microsoft
364	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_18
365	· · · · ·
366	EN: Opinion 19: Official Acknowledgement by the Commission
367	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_19
368	

	Jukka S. Rannila	OPINION	14 (16)		
	www.jukkarannila.fi	19 January 2015	Public / WWW		
369 370	EN: Opinion 20: SECOND Opinion Re http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.ht	e ;	rosoft		
371372373374	EN: Opinion 21: Opinion about the European Interoperability Strategy proposal http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_21				
375 376 377	EN: Opinion 23: Public consultation or <u>http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.ht</u>	1	ation System		
378 379 380	EN: Opinion 27: Public Consultation of http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.ht		arement Policy		
381 382 383	EN: Opinion 28: Consultation on the E <u>http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.ht</u>	1 5			
384 385 386 387	EN: Opinion 30: Internet Filtering http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.ht NOTE: Organised by the European Con				
388 389 390	EN: Opinion 32: COMP/C-3/39.692/IB http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.ht				
 391 392 393 394 	EN: Opinion 34: REMIT Registration I http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.ht NOTE: Organised by The Agency for the	tml#nro_34	ACER) ⁶		
395 396 397	EN: Opinion 35: Exploiting the employ <u>http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.ht</u>		sehold services		
398399400	EN: Opinion 37: CASE COMP/39.654 http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.ht				
401 402 403	EN: Opinion 39: Registry options to fac http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.ht		tems		
404 405 406	EN: Opinion 40: Media Freedom and P http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.ht	e ,	5		
407 408 409	EN: Opinion 41: AT.39398: observation http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.ht	1 1			
410 411	EN: Opinion 42: Opening up Education http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.ht				
	 <u>http://www.cen.eu/</u> (Accessed 2 July 2012) <u>http://www.acer.europa.eu/</u> (Accessed 2 July 	y 2012)			

Jukka S. Rannila	OPINION	15 (16)
<u>www.jukkarannila.fi</u>	19 January 2015	Public / WWW

412	EN: Opinion 43: Publication of extracts of the European register of market participants
413	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_43
414	NOTE: Organised by The Agency for the Cooperation of Energy Regulators (ACER)
415	
416	EN: Opinion 44: Evaluation policy guidelines
417	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_44
418	
419	EN: Opinion 45: About ICT standardisation
420	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_45
421	
422	EN: Opinion 46: Review of the EU copyright rules
423	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_46
424	
425	EN: Opinion 51: European Area of Skills and Qualifications
426	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_51
427	
428	EN: Opinion 52: Trusted Cloud Europe Survey
429	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_52
430	EN. Onining 52: Trade Dementing Herry Mennel (TRUM) (Draft)
431 432	EN: Opinion 53: Trade Reporting User Manual (TRUM) (Draft)
432 433	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_53 NOTE: Organised by The Agency for the Cooperation of Energy Regulators (ACER)
433	NOTE. Organised by The Agency for the Cooperation of Energy Regulators (ACER)
434	EN: Opinion 55: European Energy Regulation
436	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_55
437	NOTE: Organised by The Agency for the Cooperation of Energy Regulators (ACER)
438	TOTE. Organised by The Argency for the Cooperation of Energy Regulators (RCER)
439	EN: Opinion 59: Green paper on mobile Health
440	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_59
441	<u> </u>
442	EN: Opinion 60: Cross-border inheritance tax problems within the EU
443	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_60
444	
445	EN: Opinion 61: European Register of Products Containing Nanomaterials
446	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_61
447	
448	EN: Opinion 64: Corporate Social Responsibility - European Commission
449	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_64
450	
451	EN: Opinion 66: Net Innovation for the Work Programme 2016-2017
452	http://www.jukkarannila.fi/lausunnot.html#nro_66
453	
454	
455	[Continues on the next page]

www.jukkarannila.fi

OPINION

16 (16)

19 January 2015

Public / WWW

456	
457	ANNEX 2
458	DISCLAIMERS
459	DISCHAMMERS
460	Legal disclaimer:
461	All opinions in this opinion paper are personal opinions and they do not represent opinions of any legal entity I am
461	member either by law or voluntarily. This opinion paper is only intended to trigger thinking and it is not legal advice.
462	This opinion paper does not apply to any past, current or future legal entity. This opinion paper will not cover any of the
464	future changes in this fast-developing area. Any actions made based on this opinion is solely responsibility of respective
465	actor making those actions.
466	actor making mose actions.
460	Political disclaimer:
468	These opinions do not represent opinions of any political party. These opinions are not advices to certain policy and
469	they are only intended to trigger thinking. Any law proposal based on these opinions are sole responsibility of that legal
470	entity making law proposals.
471	energy making its proposale.
471	These opinions are not meant to be extreme-right, moderate-right, extreme-centre ⁷ , moderate-centre, extreme-left or
473	moderate-left. They are only opinions of an individual whose overall thinking might or might not contain elements of
474	different sources. These opinions do not reflect past, current or future political situation in the Finnish, European or
475	worldwide politics.
476	•
477	These opinions are not meant to rally for a candidacy in any public election in any level.
478	
479	Content of web pages:
480	This text may or may not refer to web pages. The content of those web pages is not responsibility of author of this
481	document. They are referenced on the date of this document. If referenced web pages are not found after the date when
482	this document is dated, that situation is not responsibility of the author. All changes done in the web pages this
483	document refers are sole responsibility of those organisations and individuals maintaining those web pages. All illegal
484	content found on the referred web pages is not on the responsibility of the author of this document, and producing that
485	kind content is not endorsed by the author of this document.
486	
487	Use of broken English
488	This text is in English, but from a person, whose is not a native English-speaking person. Therefore the text may or may
489	not contain bad, odd and broken English, and can contain awkward linguistic solutions.
490	CONVDICUT
491	COPYRIGHT
492	This entries are a list in the law day Constinue Commune listense to be an effected listense is "Attailed in
493	This opinion paper is distributed under Creative Commons licence, to be specific the licence is "Attribution- NonCommercial-NoDerivatives 4.0 International (CC BY-NC-ND 4.0)". The text of the licence can be obtained from
494 495	the following web page:
495	http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-nd/4.0/
490	
	The English explanation is on the following web page:
498	http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-nd/4.0/legalcode
499	
500	
500	BY NC ND
501	

⁷ Based on the Finnish three-party system there is a phenomenon called extreme-centre in Finland. The 2011 parliamentary elections in Finland challenge the three-party system, since three "old" parties were not traditionally as the three largest parties. The is now a "new" party as the third largest party. We all must remain being interested about this new development in Finland.